

MEASUREMENTS OF CHARGED-PARTICLE STOPPING POWER IN WARM-DENSE PLASMA AT OMEGA AND THE NIF

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The stopping power of energetic protons has been measured in an isochorically-heated solid-density Be plasma with an electron temperature of ~ 32 eV, corresponding to moderately-coupled $[(e^2/a)/(k_B T_e + E_F) \sim 0.3]$ and moderately-degenerate $[k_B T_e/E_F \sim 2]$ ‘warm dense matter’ (WDM) conditions. We present the first high-accuracy measurements of charged-particle energy loss through a WDM plasma, which shows an increased loss relative to cold matter. The data agree with stopping models based on an ad-hoc treatment of free and bound electrons [1], as well as the average-atom local-density approximation [2]; this work is the first high-precision experimental test of these theories for WDM plasma conditions. Using a Bethe-style stopping equation the data can also be used to calculate a mean ionization potential, which decreases in the WDM plasma in good agreement with theoretical values from electronic structure models. This work can be extended to fully-degenerate and moderately-coupled plasmas by using shock compression; the design of an upcoming experiment on NIF using shock-compressed HDC probed by $D^3\text{He}$ protons is discussed.

[1] G. Zimmerman, LLNL report, UCRL-JC-105616 (1990).

[2] I. Nagy and B. Apagyi, Phys. Rev. A 58, R1653 (1998); G. Faussurier, C. Blancard, P. Cossé, and P. Renaudin, Phys. Plasmas 17, 052707 (2010); S. B. Hansen et al., Phys. Rev. E 72, 036408 (2005).